

$$(\partial B_{t+1}) \quad \mathbb{E}_t \left[ (1 - \Gamma(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)) \frac{R_{t+1}^k}{R_{t+1}} + \eta_{t+1} \left[ \frac{R_{t+1}^k}{R_{t+1}} (\Gamma(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)) - \mu G(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t) - 1 \right] \right] = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$(\partial \bar{\omega}_{t+1}) \quad \mathbb{E}_t \left[ \eta_{t+1} - \frac{\Gamma'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)}{\Gamma'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t) - \mu G'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)} \right] = 0 \quad (2)$$

By combining the two FOCs I get

$$\left( 1 - \Gamma(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t) + \frac{\Gamma'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)}{\Gamma'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t) - \mu G'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)} \right) \frac{1 + R_{t+1}^k}{1 + R_{t+1}} - \frac{\Gamma'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)}{\Gamma'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t) - \mu G'(\bar{\omega}_{t+1}, \sigma_t)} = 0 \quad (3)$$

To linearize GAMMA function

$$\Gamma_t = \bar{\omega}_{t+1} [1 - F_t] + G_t \quad (4)$$

which results in the following log linear form

$$\Gamma(1 + \hat{\Gamma}_t) = \bar{\omega}(1 - F) \left[ 1 + \hat{\omega}_{t+1} + \widehat{1 - F_t} \right] + G(1 + \hat{G}_t) \quad (5)$$

Then

$$\widehat{1 - F_t} = \frac{F}{F - 1} \hat{F}_t \quad (6)$$

and then I proceed by applying taylor expansion on F and G which are two-variables functions